Mr President, Your Excellencies, ladies and gentlemen.

An inspection of the fossil record over the last 178 million years – since mammals first appeared – reveals that the average mammalian species exists for about a million years before it evolves into something else or vanishes into extinction.

Of our allotted lifespan of a million, humanity has been around for about 200,000.

In other words, we are still collectively a youngster.

If you imagine that million years as the lifespan of an individual human being – about eighty years – then we are now sweet 16.

We have come to that fateful age when we know roughly how to drive and we know how to unlock the drinks cabinet and to engage in all sorts of activity that is not only potentially embarrassing but also terminal.

In the words of the Oxford philosopher Toby Ord “we are just old enough to get ourselves into serious trouble”.

We still cling with part of our minds to the infantile belief that the world was made for our gratification and pleasure and we combine this narcissism with an assumption of our own immortality.

We believe that someone else will clear up the mess we make, because that is what someone else has always done.

We trash our habitats again and again with the inductive reasoning that we have got away with it so far, and therefore we will get away with it again.

My friends the adolescence of humanity is coming to an end.

We are approaching that critical turning point – in less than two months – when we must show that we are capable of learning, and maturing, and finally taking responsibility for the destruction we are inflicting, not just upon our planet but ourselves.

It is time for humanity to grow up.

It is time for us to listen to the warnings of the scientists – and look at Covid, if you want an example of gloomy scientists being proved right –

and to understand who we are and what we are doing.

The world – this precious blue sphere with its eggshell crust and wisp of an atmosphere – is not some indestructible toy,
...some bouncy plastic romper room against which we can hurl ourselves to our heart’s content.
Daily, weekly, we are doing such irreversible damage that long before a million years are up,

we will have made this beautiful planet effectively uninhabitable – not just for us but for many other species.

And that is why the Glasgow COP26 summit is the turning point for humanity.

We must limit the rise in temperatures – whose appalling effects were visible even this summer – to 1.5 degrees.

We must come together in a collective coming of age.

We must show we have the maturity and wisdom to act.

And we can.

Even in this feckless youth we have harnessed clean energy from wind and wave and sun.

We have released energy from within the atom itself

and from hydrogen, and we have found ways to store that energy in increasingly capacious batteries and even in molten salt.

We have the tools for a green industrial revolution
but time is desperately short.

Two days ago in New York we had a session in which we heard from the leaders of the nations most threatened by climate change:

the Marshall Islands, the Maldives, Bangladesh and many others.

And they spoke of the hurricanes and the flooding and the fires caused by the extreme meteorological conditions the world is already seeing.

And the tragedy is that because of our past inaction there are further rises in temperature that are already baked in – baked is the word.

And if we keep on the current track then the temperatures will go up by 2.7 degrees or more by the end of the century.

And never mind what that will do to the ice floes:

we will see desertification, drought, crop failure, and mass movements of humanity on a scale not seen before, not because of some unforeseen natural event or disaster but because of us, because of what we are doing now.
And our grandchildren will know that we are the culprits
and that we were warned
and they will know that it was this generation that came
centre stage
to speak and act on behalf of posterity
and that we missed our cue
and they will ask what kind of people we were to be so
selfish and so short sighted.

In just 40 days time we need the world to come to
Glasgow
to make the commitments necessary.

And we are not talking about stopping the rise in
temperatures -
it is alas too late for that -
but to restrain that growth, as I say, to 1.5 degrees.
And that means we need to pledge collectively to achieve
carbon neutrality – net zero – by the middle of the century.
And that will be an amazing moment if we can do it
because it will mean that for the first time in centuries
humanity is no longer
adding to the budget of carbon in the atmosphere,

no longer thickening that invisible quilt that is warming the planet,

and it is fantastic that we now have countries representing 70 per cent of the world’s GDP committed to this objective.

But if we are to stave off these hikes in temperature we must go further

and faster – we need all countries to step up and commit to very substantial reductions by 2030 -

and I passionately believe that we can do it by making commitments in four areas – coal, cars, cash and trees.

I am not one of those environmentalists who takes a moral pleasure in excoriating humanity for its excess.

I don’t see the green movement as a pretext for a wholesale assault on capitalism.

Far from it.

The whole experience of the Covid pandemic is that the way to fix the problem is through science and innovation,
the breakthroughs and the investment that are made possible by capitalism and by free markets,

and it is through our Promethean faith in new green technology that we are cutting emissions in the UK.

When I was a kid we produced almost 80 per cent of our electricity from coal;

that is now down to two per cent or less

and will be gone altogether by 2024.

We have put in great forests of beautiful wind turbines on the drowned prairies of Doggerland beneath the North Sea.

In fact we produce so much offshore wind that I am thinking of changing my name to Boreas Johnson in honour of the North Wind.

And I know that we are ambitious in asking the developing world to end the use of coal power by 2040

and for the developed world to do so by 2030,

but the experience of the UK shows that it can be done

and I thank President Xi for what he has done to end China’s international financing of coal and I hope China will now go further and phase out the domestic use of coal as well,
because the experience of the UK shows it can be done.

And when I was elected mayor of London only 13 years ago,

I was desperate to encourage more electric vehicles

and we put in charging points around the city.

And I am afraid that in those days they were not greatly patronised.

But the market in EVs in the UK is now growing at an extraordinary pace -

maybe two thirds every year -

and Nissan is sufficiently confident to invest £1 billion in a new EV factory and a gigafactory for the batteries.

And that is because we have set a hard deadline for the sale of new hydrocarbon ICES of 2030

and again we call on the world to come together to drive this market so that by 2040

there are only zero emission vehicles on sale anywhere in the world.

And you can make these cuts in pollution while driving jobs and growth:
we have cut our greenhouse gas emissions by 44 per cent in the last 30 years

while expanding our GDP by 78 per cent.

And we will now go further by implementing one of the biggest nationally determined contributions

- the NDC is the pledge we ask every country to make in cutting carbon –

  going down by 68 per cent by 2030, compared to where we were in 1990.

We are making a huge bet on hydrogen, we are expanding nuclear,

we are helping people to reduce their own household CO2.

We are working towards Jet Zero – the first large carbon free passenger plane.

And we also recognise that this is not just about using technical fixes for CO2:

we need to restore the natural balance,

we need to halt and reverse the loss of trees and biodiversity by 2030,

and that is why we in the UK are committed to beautifying the landscape,
strengthening our protection against flooding,

by planting millions more trees.

We must also work towards the crucial Kunming summit in China

and I call on all nations to follow the example of Imran Khan

who has pledged to plant 10 billion trees in Pakistan alone.

And we in the developed world must recognise our obligation to help.

We started this industrial revolution in Britain:

we were the first to send the great puffs of acrid smoke to the heavens

on a scale to derange the natural order.

And though we were setting in train a new era of technology that was itself to lead to a massive global reduction in poverty,

emancipating billions around the world,

we were also unwittingly beginning to quilt the great tea cosy of CO2
and so we understand when the developing world looks to us to help them

and we take our responsibilities.

And that’s why two years ago I committed that the UK would provide £11.6 billion to help the rest of the world to tackle climate change

and in spite of all the pressures on finances caused by Covid, we have kept that promise to the letter.

And I am so pleased and encouraged by some of the pledges we have heard here at UNGA,

including from Denmark, and now a very substantial commitment from the US that brings us within touching distance of the $100 billion pledge.

But we must go further, and we must be clear that government alone will not be able to do enough

We must work together so that the international financial institutions – the IMF, the World Bank -

are working with governments around the world

to leverage in the private sector,

because it is the trillions of dollars of private sector cash that will enable developing nations – and the whole world – to make the changes necessary.
It was the UK government that set the strike price for the private sector to come in and transform our country into the Saudi Arabia of wind,

and only yesterday the UK’s first sovereign green bond raised £10 billion on the markets,

from hard-headed investors who want to make money.

And these investments will not only help the countries of the world to tackle climate change:

they will produce millions and millions of high wage, high skill jobs,

and today’s workforce and the next generation will have the extra satisfaction of knowing that they are not only doing something useful

- such as providing clean energy -

but helping to save the planet at the same time.

And every day green start-ups are producing new ideas,

from feeding seaweed to cows to restrain their traditional signs of digestive approval,

to using AI and robotics to enhance food production.

And it is these technological breakthroughs that will cut the cost for consumers,
so that we have nothing to fear and everything to gain from this green industrial revolution.

And when Kermit the frog sang *It’s Not Easy Bein’ Green*

I want you to know he was wrong -

and he was also unnecessarily rude to Miss Piggy.

We have the technology:

we have the choice before us.

Sophocles is often quoted as saying that there are many terrifying things in the world, but none is more terrifying than man,

and it is certainly true that we are uniquely capable of our own destruction, and the destruction of everything around us.

But what Sophocles actually said was that man is *deinos*

and that means not just scary but awesome -

and he was right.

We are awesome in our power to change things

and awesome in our power to save ourselves,

and in the next 40 days we must choose what kind of awesome we are going to be.
I hope that COP 26 will be a 16th birthday for humanity in which we choose to grow up,
to recognise the scale of the challenge we face,
to do what posterity demands we must,
and I invite you in November to celebrate what I hope will be a coming of age and to blow out the candles of a world on fire.

See you in Glasgow.

ENDS